



# Heavy flavour spectroscopy at LHCb

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## Outline

- The LHCb detector
- Heavy Meson spectroscopy
  - D<sub>sJ</sub> spectroscopy (LHCb-PAPER-2012-016)
  - B\*\* spectroscopy (LHCb-CONF-2011-053)
- Heavy Baryon spectroscopy
  - Charged b-baryons (LHCb-CONF-2011-060)
  - Neutral b-baryons (LHCb-CONF-2011-036, arXiv:1205.3452)
  - Excited b-baryons (arXiv:1205.3452)

# LHCb detector and dataset







## **D**<sub>sJ</sub> **spectroscopy**





#### NEW

LHCb studied the D<sup>+</sup>K<sub>s</sub> and D<sup>0</sup>K<sup>+</sup> invariant mass spectra, and confirm the existence of the D<sub>s1</sub>\*(2700)<sup>+</sup> and D<sub>sJ</sub>\*(2860)<sup>+</sup> states. The experimental study of the  $D_{sJ}$  spectrum has prompted a quite large controversy:

D<sub>s0</sub>\*(2317)<sup>+</sup> and D<sub>s1</sub>(2460)<sup>+</sup> were discovered by the B-factories (2003) with masses smaller than expected from HQET

- A set of higher mass states observed by the B-factories (2006-2009),  $D_{s1}^*(2700)$ ,  $D_{sJ}^*(2860)$  and  $D_{sJ}(3040)$ , in DK and D\*K final states

- Although  $J^P=3^-$  spin assignment suggested for  $D_{sJ}^*(2860)$ , BR measurements are not compatible with BR predictions.







Very large combinatorial rejection by selecting cos0>0



LHCb-PAPER-2012-016 PRELIMINARY



 $\sim D_{s2}^{*}(2573)^{+}$  clear peak,  $D_{s1}^{*}(2700)^{+}$  and  $D_{sJ}^{*}(2860)^{+}$ 

 The states are described using relativistic BW lineshapes and the background as a linear combination of orthogonal polynomials

Simultaneous fit





IHC	

	Decay mode	$D_{s1}^*(2700)^+$	$D_{sJ}^{*}(2860)^{+}$
Yields <	$D^+K^0_{ m s}$	$7897 \pm 637$	$4456 \pm 332$
	$D^0K^+$	$49871 \pm 2659$	$29172 \pm 1306$

$m(D_{s1}^*(2700)^+)$	=	$2709.4 \pm 1.9(\text{stat}) \pm 4.5 \text{ (syst) } \text{MeV}/c^2,$
$\Gamma(D_{s1}^*(2700)^+)$	=	$121.7 \pm 7.3 (\text{stat}) \pm 12.1 (\text{syst}) \text{ MeV},$
$m(D_{sJ}^*(2860)^+)$	=	$2866.7 \pm 1.0 (\text{stat}) \pm 6.3 (\text{syst}) \text{ MeV}/c^2$ ,
$\Gamma(D_{sJ}^*(2860)^+)$	=	$64.5 \pm 3.2 (\text{stat}) \pm 6.6 (\text{syst}) \text{ MeV}.$

Results are compatible with previous results from the B-factories  $\sim$  First time D<sub>s1</sub>\*(2700)<sup>+</sup> and D<sub>s1</sub>\*(2860)<sup>+</sup> are observed in hadronic collisions, and confirm the existence of these states

- Uncertainty dominated by systematic effects. Most contributing effect from background description
- Further analysis of the D\*K final states is needed to complete the picture around the  $D_{s,1}^{*}(2860)^{+}$  state



spectroscopy **(**S)



LHCb-CONF-2011-053 PRELIMINARY 336/pb, 2011 data





 B-mesons properties are predicted from HQET in the limit of infinite bquark mass

Reconstruction of Bh and B\*(Bγ)h
 decay modes. Soft photon is not
 reconstructed

- ·  $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
- $D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$
- ·  $D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$
- ✓ K<sup>\*0</sup>(892) → K<sup>+</sup> $\pi$ <sup>-</sup>
- Particle ID and track quality constraints applied to all tracks.
- Fits to Q=M(Bh)-M(B)-M(h) are performed



# Heavy baryon spectroscopy



System of heavy quark and light diquark. Different QCD models predict different masses, lifetimes, branching ratios, spinparity, etc... for many c- and bhadrons

Several charmed baryonic
 states studied at the B-factories

- b-baryon states are less well
   studied
  - → 16 predicted ground states.



## **Charged b-baryons**







### Mass $\Xi_{\rm b}^-$ : 5796.5 ± 1.2 ± 1.2 MeV/c<sup>2</sup>





 $<sup>\</sup>Omega_{\rm b}^{\rm -}$  Mass [MeV/c<sup>2</sup>]



### **Neutral b-baryons**







LHCb-CONF-2011-036

### • $\Lambda_b^{\ 0} \rightarrow \Lambda_c^{\ +}(pK^-\pi^+)\pi^-$

- •70540±330 signal events
- A large and clean peak of the  $\Lambda_b^{0}$ , b-baryon ground state. Perfect for spectroscopy studies (following slides)
- $\Xi_b^{\ 0} \rightarrow D^0 p K^-$
- 27±10 signal events,  $2.6\sigma$
- $M(\Xi_{b}^{0})$ =5802.0 ± 5.5 ± 1.7MeV
- Consistent with recent CDF <sub>13</sub> measurement



# **Orbitally excited b-baryons**



- > Excited  $\Lambda_{b}^{0}$  states: J<sup>P</sup>=1/2<sup>-</sup> and 3/2<sup>-</sup>
- > Foreseen decays to  $\Lambda_{b}^{0}\pi^{+}\pi^{-}$  and  $\Lambda_{b}^{0}\gamma$
- No experimental evidence before LHCb
- Many theoretical predictions











## Conclusions

 We present some of the LHCb results on heavy flavors spectroscopy

 The collaboration is actively working in order to perform new measurements and update previous with the full data sample

LHCb is in a great position to perform precise and competitive measurements, and ready to explore the nature of the production and the spectra of states, in the heavy flavors sector